

$$\frac{V_1}{T_1} = \frac{V_2}{T_2} \quad \text{OR} \quad \frac{T_1}{V_1} = \frac{T_2}{V_2}$$

HOMEWORK PROBLEMS:

3a. A sample of air with a volume of 2.25 liters is at a temperature of 298 K. If the temperature is increased to 373 K without changing the pressure, what is the new volume (in milliliters) for this sample of air?

$$\begin{array}{l}
 V_1 = 2.25 \text{ L} \\
 T_1 = 298 \text{ K} \\
 T_2 = 373 \text{ K} \\
 V_2 = ? \text{ (in mL)}
 \end{array}
 \quad \left| \quad
 \begin{array}{l}
 \frac{V_1}{T_1} = \frac{V_2}{T_2} \\
 \implies \frac{V_1 T_2}{T_1} = V_2 = \frac{(2.25 \text{ L})(373 \text{ K})}{298 \text{ K}} \\
 V_2 = \frac{2.82 \text{ L} \mid 1000 \text{ mL}}{1 \text{ L}} = \boxed{2.82 \times 10^3 \text{ mL} = V_2}
 \end{array}$$

USE THE EQUATION THAT HAS THE VARIABLE

(YOU ARE SOLVING FOR) "ON TOP".

NOTE: NEVER LEAVE THE VARIABLE YOU ARE SOLVING FOR IN THE DENOMINATOR.

3b. As the temperature of a sample of nitrogen gas increases from 273 K, the volume of the sample changes from 275 cm<sup>3</sup> to 525 cm<sup>3</sup>. Assuming that the pressure does not change, what is the final temperature of this gas?

$$\begin{array}{l}
 T_1 = 273 \text{ K} \\
 V_1 = 275 \text{ cm}^3 \\
 V_2 = 525 \text{ cm}^3 \\
 T_2 = ?
 \end{array}
 \quad \left| \quad
 \begin{array}{l}
 \frac{T_1}{V_1} = \frac{T_2}{V_2} \\
 \implies \frac{T_1 V_2}{V_1} = T_2 \\
 T_2 = \frac{(273 \text{ K})(525 \text{ cm}^3)}{275 \text{ cm}^3} = \boxed{521 \text{ K} = T_2}
 \end{array}$$